

FY2025-FY2030

Medium-Term Management Plan

Be a Specialty Materials Company

May 14, 2025



CENTRAL GLASS



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Review of the Previous Medium-Term Management Plan

VISION 2030

3

Medium-Term Management Plan for FY2025-FY2030

- Disclosure Segments
- Basic Policies
- Management Targets
- Segment Targets
- Optimization of Business Portfolio
- New Product Launch Plan
- Segment Policy
- Capital Policy and Financial Strategy for Sustainable Corporate Value Creation
- Policy for Shareholder Returns
- Strengthening Business Foundations through ESG Management
- Strengthening Corporate Governance

AGENDA

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Review of the Previous Medium-Term Management Plan (FY2022-FY2024) (Overview)

Financial Targets

Achieved final-year targets for the previous Medium-Term Management Plan during FY2022–FY2023

Did not achieve targets in FY2024 due to significant deterioration in the business environment

- Electronic Materials, Medi-Chemicals and Applied Chemicals performed well in the Chemicals segment. Poor performance in Energy Materials due to a decline in EV demand from FY2023 onwards pushed down segment profit
- The Glass segment became profitable due to fundamental structural improvements

mprovemento	Tar	get			Results		
	FY2	024	F	Y2022	FY2023	FY2024	
Operating profit (Operating profit ratio)		llion yen %)	yen 16.8 billion yen (9.9%)		14.5 billion yen (9.1%)	10.6 billion yen (7.4%)	
ROE	12	2%	3	7.0%	11.4%	4.9%	
					Previous Mediun Ianagement Plan		
Chemicals Segm Operating Profit	ient	to th	e three y	owth compare ears before th lium-Term		Cumulative total for FY2022-FY2024	
Glass Segment C Profit	Operating	Man Cumulative FY2019-	e total fo	Plan period r		41.9	
Companywide O Profit Ratio (%)	perating	19		16.8 2.7	14.5 3,9	(billion yen)	
8.0 0.0 8.0 3.6	4.1 7.1 2.1		3.5	14.1 9.		10.6 2.5 8.2 7.4	
	(3.0)	(2.		5,0000	5)/0000	EV0004	
FY2019	FY2020	FY2	J21	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	

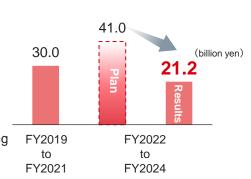
Investment

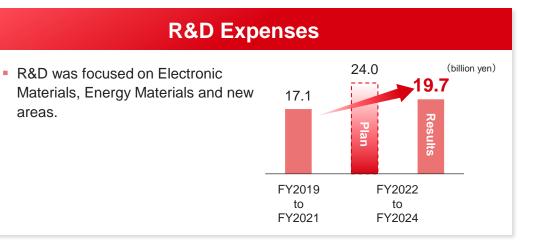
 Revision of investment plans for Electronic Materials and Energy Materials due to changes in the business environment

areas.

[Main investment plans that have been revised]

- Electronic Materials : Construction of plant in Taiwan
- Energy Materials : Construction of new sites and increase in capacity of existing facilities





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Review of the Previous Medium-Term Management Plan (FY2022-FY2024) (By Business)

			Chemicals Segment (5 E	Businesses)	Achievement status
onsolidated Net Sales (billion yen) 20.8	3		 Electronic Materials High-purity gases for semiconductor processes (deposition gases, cleaning gases, etching gases) Circuit pattern collapse prevention agents, photoresist materials 	 In FY2023, although there was a post-COVID-19 inventory adjustment period, some long-term contracts provided support. Sales grew in FY2024 due to robust demand for AI semiconductors, contributing to profits. Some investment plans were postponed due to changes in demand trends 	Ø
36.3	20.7	24.2	 Energy Materials Electrolytes for lithium-ion batteries 	 Although sales expanded in major markets due to improving raw material procurement capabilities and leveraging production capacity in Japan, Europe, China, and South Korea, sales halved in FY2024 due to a sharp decline in demand from the second half of FY2023. Investment plans for capacity enhancement were revised due to changes in demand trends 	f
14.8	15.1	15.0	 Medi-Chemicals Inhalation anesthetic APIs 	 Inhalation anesthetics faced intense competition from other companies' products in overseas markets, but a certain level of profit was secured. 	0
23.3 14.8	17.0 10.8	19.1 11.2	 Applied Chemicals HFO (Hydrofluoroolefin) products, functional material products 	 In FY2023, sales declined sharply due to the disappearance of special demand for HFO products and a slowdown in housing demand in Europe and the United States, but in FY2024, there was a recovery in demand for HFO products and agrochemical raw materials. We withdrew from the low-profit water treatment coagulant (PAC) business in FY2024. 	0
FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	 Fertilizers Chemical fertilizers, coated fertilizers 	 Sales declined due to sharp fluctuations in raw material prices and sales prices, and an increase in demand for low-cost products associated with this. We are implementing measures to improve profitability by reducing inventory and fixed costs. 	
			Glass Segment (2 Bus	inesses)	Achievement status
nsolidated Net Sales (billion yen) 46.9	51.2	49.9	 Glass Architectural glass Automotive glass 	 The business became profitable due to thorough structural reforms, such as reducing fixed costs by discontinuing low-profit businesses and adjusting sales prices according to reduced supply capacity. 	
40.9 7.8 FY2022	8.2 FY2023	FY2024	Glass Fiber Glass wool Continuous glass fiber	 Sales of high value-added continuous glass fiber products grew, but demand for general purpose products stagnated. Demand for glass wool remains strong for automotive sound-absorbing materials 	

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Performance increased or improved () Perform

Performance maintained A Performance deteriorated or declined

GLASS

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Medium-Term Management Plan for FY2025-FY2030

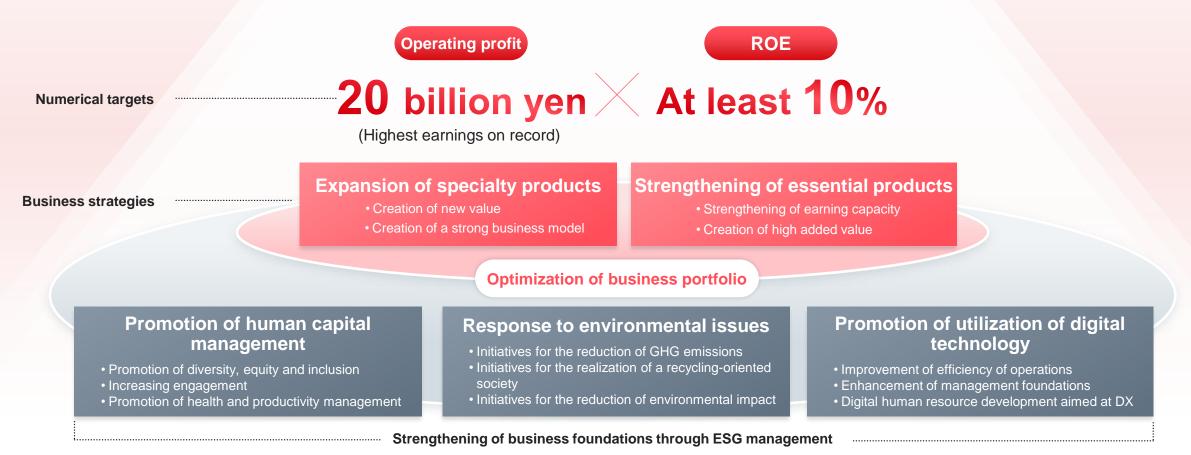
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- **VISION 2030**

Become a Specialty Materials Company contributing to the realization of a sustainable society



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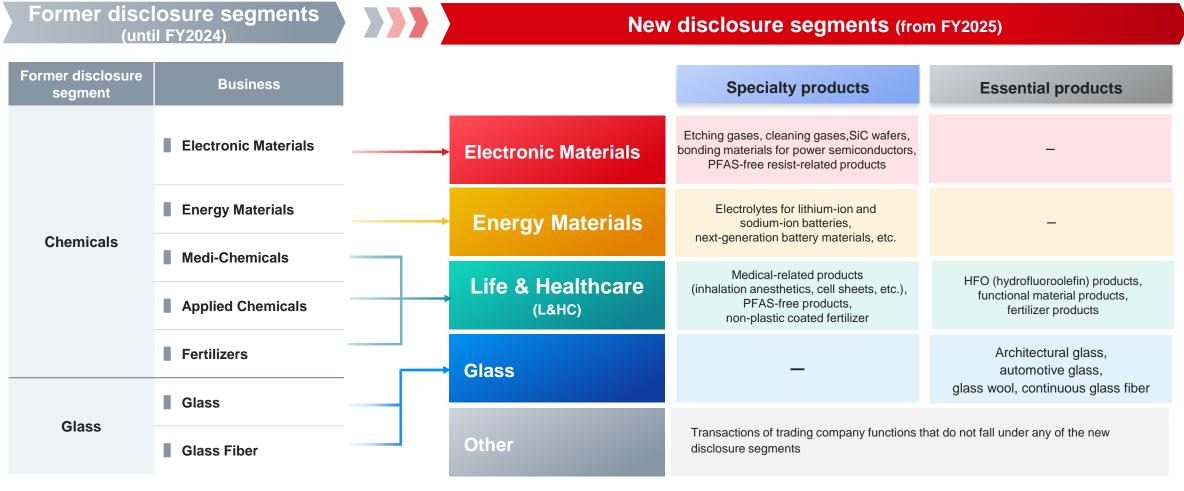
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Disclosure Segments

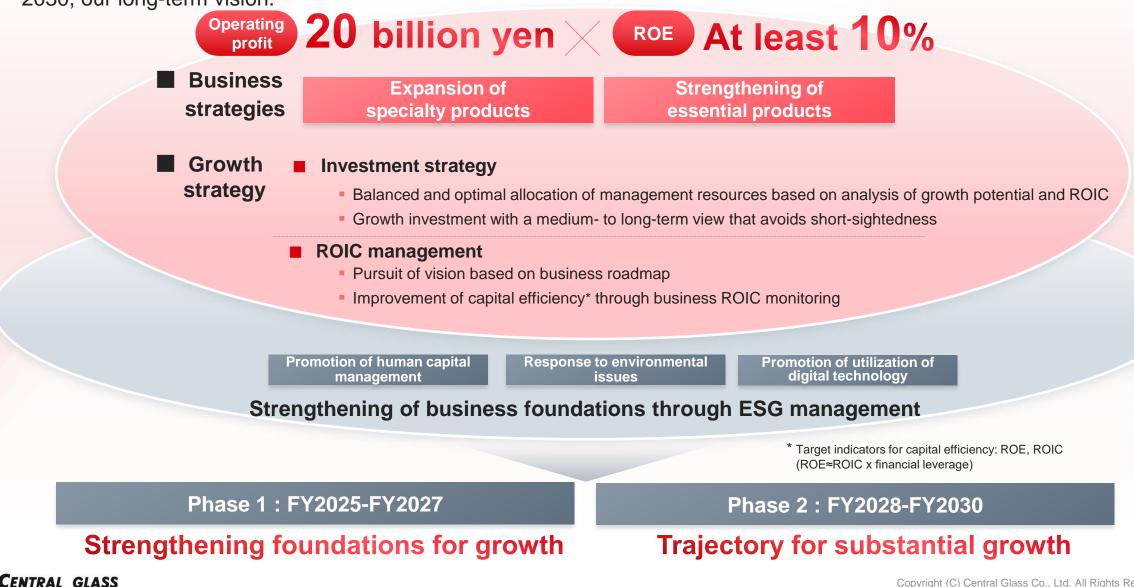
In order to enhance information disclosure, Electronic Materials and Energy Materials will be separated, and the disclosure segments will be changed from two segments to five segments.



*: List typical product names (including target products planned to be launched during the mediumterm management plan period)

Basic Policies

We will engage in management priorities within the framework of Phase 1 and Phase 2 toward the realization of VISION 2030, our long-term vision.



Management Targets

We will aim to achieve the VISION 2030 targets through "expansion of specialty products" and "strengthening of essential products" by implementing growth strategies adapted to changes in the business environment.

			Phas	se 1	Phase 2
	(billion yen)	FY2024 Results	FY2025	FY2027	FY2030
	25.0				20.0
	20.0				20.0
Operating	15.0	10.6		13.0	
profit	10.0		7.5		
	5.0				
	0.0				
Capital	ROE(%)	4.9%	4.7%	8.7%	At least 10%
efficiency	ROIC(%)	4.9%	_	6.1%	7.0%

Impact of US tariffs

• Expected impact of reduced demand for automobiles and others in FY2025 (0.5 billion yen decline in operating profit)



Segment Targets

The effects of growth investment and recovery in EV demand will put Phase 2 on a solid growth trajectory.

Operating profit		Pha	se1	Phase2	25		■ Other ■ Glass		(billion yen)
(billion yen)	FY2024 Results	FY2025	FY2027	FY2030	20		 Life & Healthcare Energy Materials Electronic Materials 	6	20.0
Electronic Materials	4.0	3.6	3.5	6.0	15	10 C		12.0	6.0
Energy Materials	(2.1)	(2.1)	3.0	5.0	- 10	10.6 2.5	7.5	13.0 1.8	0.0
Life & Healthcare	6.0	4.9	4.7	6.0	10	6.0	1.0 4.9	4.7	5.0
Glass	2.5	1.0	1.8	3.0	5	4.0		3.0	6.0
Other	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0 —	4.0	3.6 (2.1)	3.5	
Consolidated total	10.6	7.5	13.0	20.0	-5	FY2024	FY2025	FY2027	FY2030

Impact of US tariffs

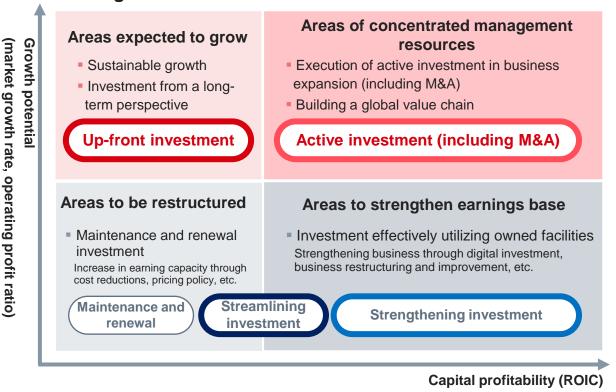
• Expected impact of reduced demand for automobiles and others in FY2025 (0.5 billion yen decline in operating profit)



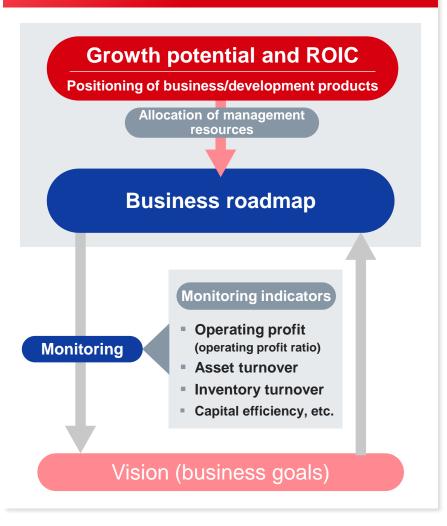
Optimization of Business Portfolio

Investment Strategy

- Balanced and optimal allocation of management resources based on analysis of growth potential and ROIC
- Growth investment with a medium- to long-term view that avoids short-sightedness



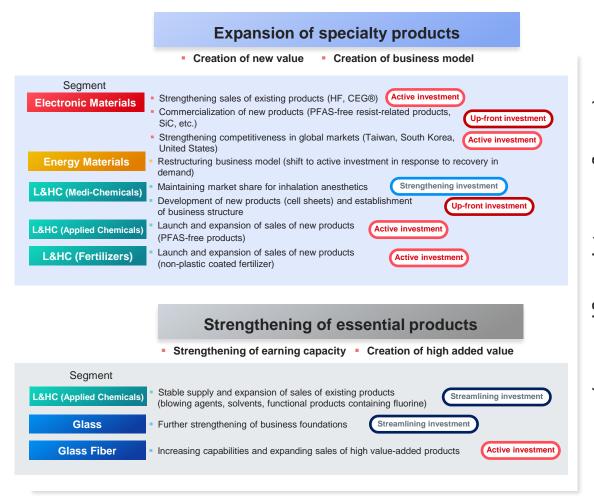
ROIC management

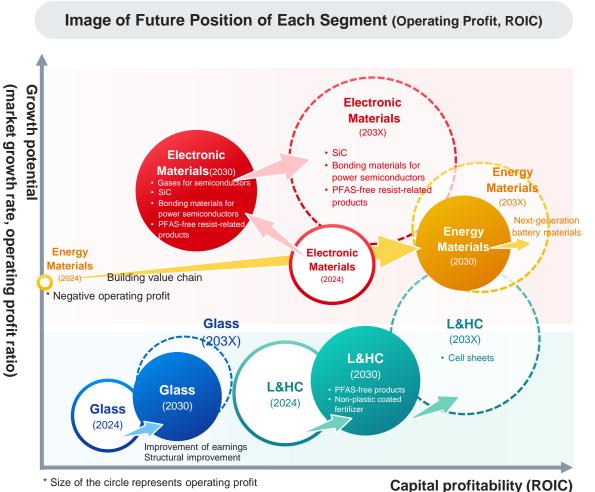


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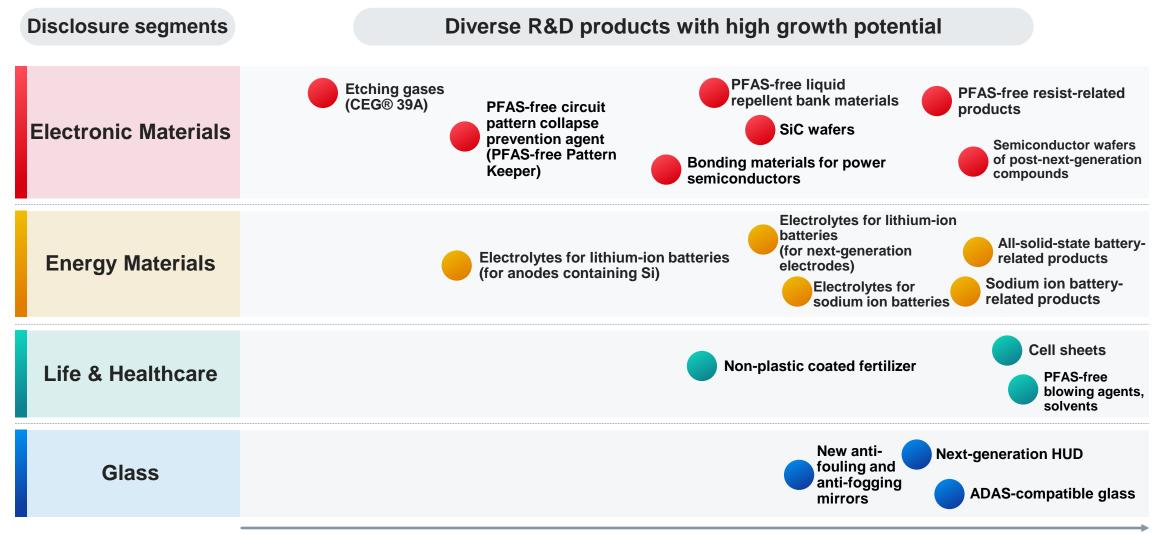
Optimization of Business Portfolio

To achieve sustainable growth, we will promote growth investment in response to the business environment.





New Product Launch Plan



Planned timing of market launch (image)

Segment Policy (Electronic Materials)

Up to FY2024

Business Environment

- The semiconductor market is growing steadily (and is expected to continue growing)
- Al-related products are growing rapidly
- Heightened demand for environmentally friendly products such as low-GWP and PFAS-free products

Phase 1 (FY2025-FY2027)

Basic Policies

- Investment in strengthening existing products and strengthening sales capabilities
- Strengthening of competitiveness in global markets

Basic Strategies and Measures

- Expansion of alternatives for products entering a period of market decline
- Expansion of market share in the Asian semiconductor market (Taiwan, South Korea)
- Selection and concentration of strategic R&D themes

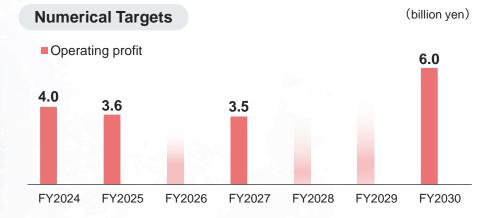


Basic Policies

- Growth investment and commercialization of new products
- Expansion of sales channels to global markets

Basic Strategies and Measures

- Full-scale launch of environmentally friendly new products (PFAS-free resist-related products, etc.)
- Entry into US market





Cryo-etching equipment

Segment Policy (Energy Materials)

Up to FY2024

Business Environment

- EV demand varies by region
- Low-cost and general-purpose trends in the LIB market
- Demand for high-performance electrolytes is expected to be robust from 2028 in the United States and Japan, where the spread of EVs requiring such electrolytes is anticipated

Phase 1 (FY2025-FY2027)

Basic Policies

- Acquisition of new customers through restructuring business model and investment plan (Providing suitable volumes of products at appropriate
- prices for each customer and region)

Basic Strategies and Measures

- Fully utilizing domestic and international supply chain capabilities
 - Japan: Increase capacity to match customers' needs
- US: Establish a supply system according to customer requirements
- Europe: Promote acquisition of OEM business

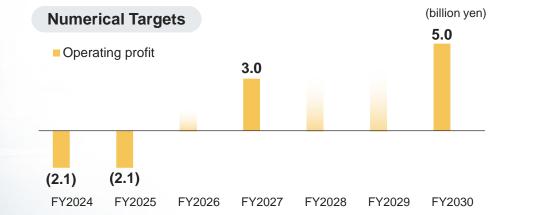
Phase 2 (FY2028-FY2030)

Basic Policies

Building a global strategic value chain

Basic Strategies and Measures

- Business operation maintaining a high operating rate of existing facilities
- Building a new supply system in Japan and overseas (Investment in line with the spread of EVs in Europe and the US)





Segment Policy (Life & Healthcare)

	Up to FY2024	Phase 1 (FY2025-FY2027)	Phase 2 (FY2028-FY2030)
Medi- Chemicals	 Business Environment Global demand for inhalation anesthetics is stable, but competition with generics is intensifying New markets emerging in the area of regenerative medicine 	 Basic Strategies and Measures Maintaining market share through strategic alliances with customers Promotion of cell sheet R&D 	 Basic Strategies and Measures Continue to maintain market share through strategic alliances with customers Establishment of a business structure for the market launch of cell sheets
Applied Chemicals	 Market for HFO products is expanding Changes in the market brought about by PFAS regulations Intensifying competition with manufacturers in emerging countries 	 Stable supply and expansion of sales of existing products (blowing agents, solvents, functional products containing fluorine) Restructuring of low-profit businesses 	 Accumulating profits through flexible responses to PFAS regulations and launching of new products (fluorine products, PFAS-free products)
Fertilizers	 Domestic fertilizer suppliers made a statement to "make a shift to agriculture that does not rely on coated fertilizers using plastic by 2030," and demand for non-plastic fertilizers is expected to increase 	 Preparation for market launch of non-plastic coated fertilizers (sample work, mass production equipment review, etc.) 	 Mass production and expanded sales of non-plastic coated fertilizers





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Segment Policy (Glass)







Next-generation HUD (Head-up Display) *1 ADAS: Advanced Driver-Assistance Systems *2 HUD: Head-up Display

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Capital Policy and Financial Strategy for Sustainable Corporate Value Creation

B/S management and optimization of capital structure

- Improvement of ROE (ROIC) Setting internal KPIs through use of ROIC tree
- Reduction of cross-shareholdings, etc.
- Ensuring financial soundness

ROIC management

- Investments in line with the portfolio for each business and product
- Monitoring (operating profit, operating profit ratio, capital turnover, etc.)

Capital allocation

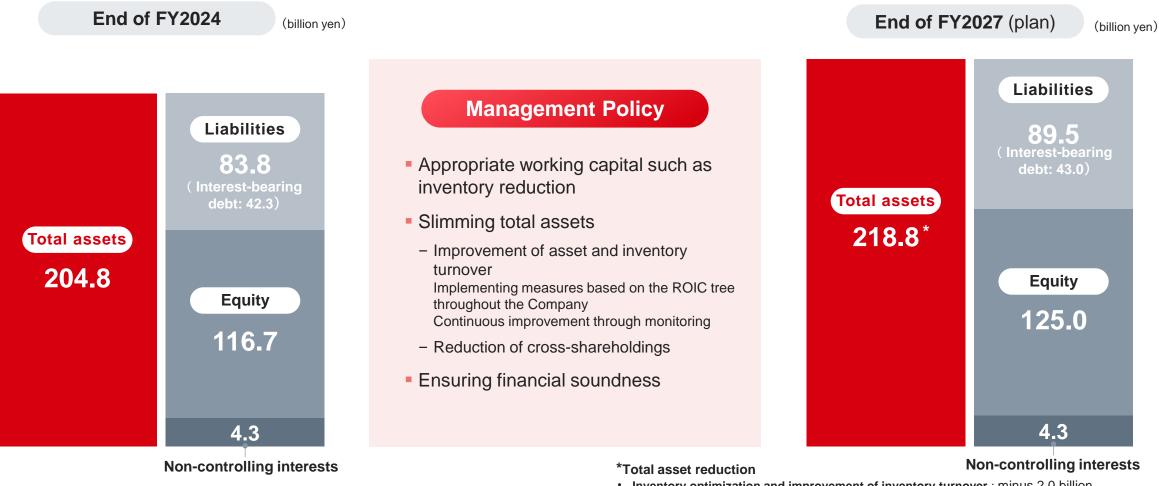
- Strategic expansion of financing aimed at necessary growth investments
- Realization of stable dividends

Changes in Indicators		FY2024	FY2027	FY2030
	Operating profit ROE ROIC	10.6 billion yen 4.9% 4.9%	13.0 billion yen 8.7% 6.1%	 20.0 billion yen At least 10.0 % 7.0%
	Investment* Balance of interest-bearing debt	21.2 billion yen * 42.3 billion yen	50.5 billion yen*	 56.5 billion yen * 59.5 billion yen
		* Investment amount: Cur	nulative value for each three-year period	d in the previous Medium-Term Management

Phase 1 and Phase 2

Capital Policy & Financial Strategy for Sustainable Corporate Value Creation

(Optimization of Capital Structure through Balance Sheet Management)



• Inventory optimization and improvement of inventory turnover : minus 2.0 billion yen

(The number of days of inventory turnover for the Company (consolidated) was reduced by 20 days from FY2024.)

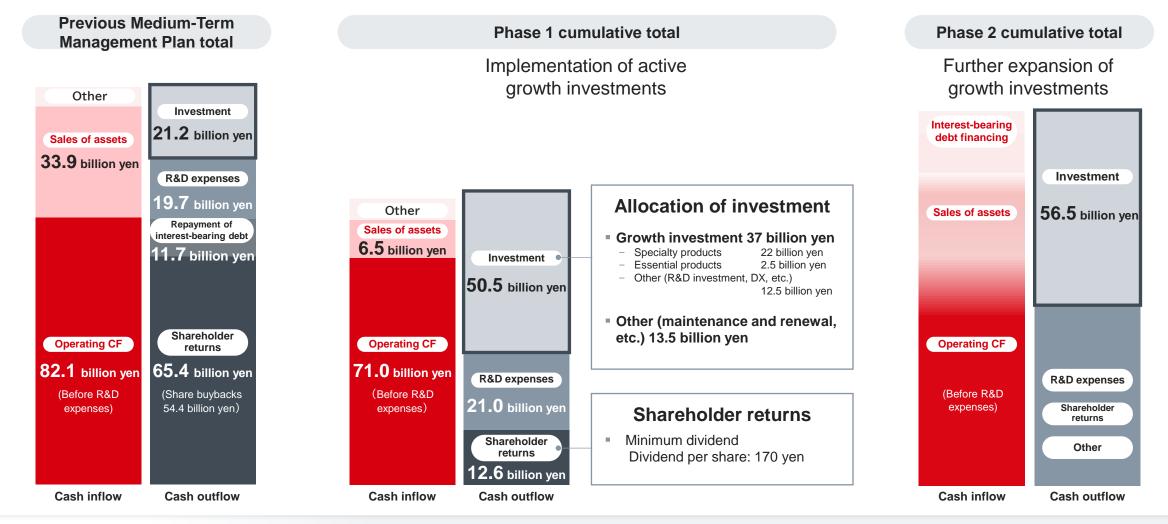
Reduction of cross-shareholdings : minus 5.0 billion yen

Capital Policy & Financial Strategy for Sustainable Corporate Value Creation

(Capital Allocation)

- Balanced and optimal allocation of management resources based on analysis of growth potential and ROIC
- Focus on R&D supporting growth

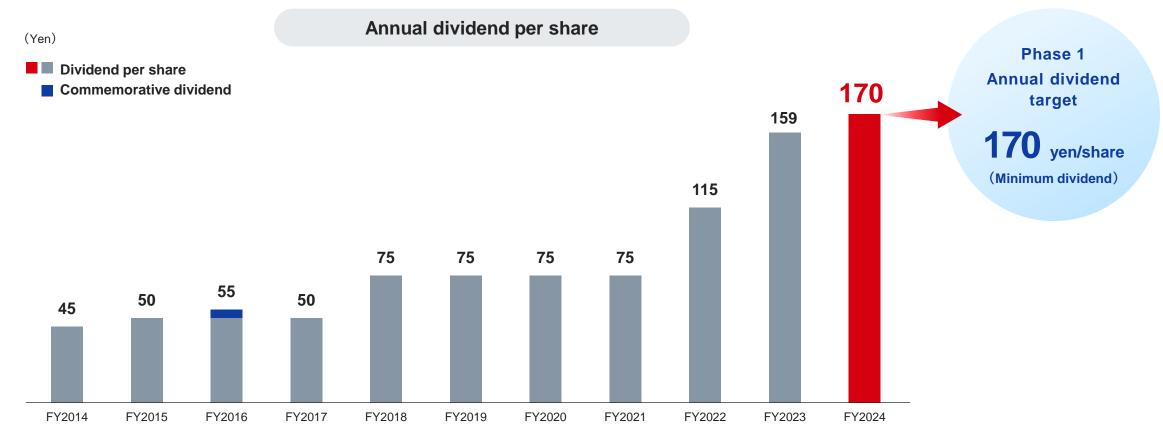
- Growth investment with a medium- to long-term view that avoids shortsightedness
- Stable shareholder returns



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Policy for Shareholder Returns

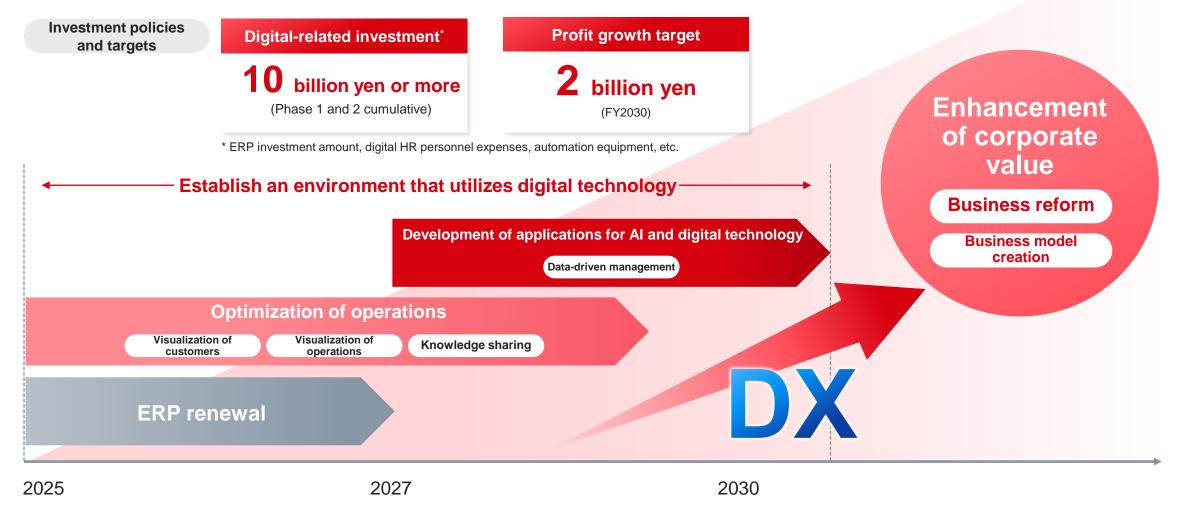
- Continue the basic policy of maintaining stable shareholder returns while aiming to increase corporate value through growth investments.
- The dividend per share (minimum dividend) for Phase 1 is set at 170 yen. (It will be reviewed again in Phase 2.)



* Due to the reverse stock split of 5 shares into 1 share performed on October 1, 2017, dividend amounts prior to that date have been adjusted to reflect the reverse stock split.

Strengthening Business Foundations through ESG Management (Promotion of DX)

- Leverage ERP renewal to expand investment in preparing environment for DX
- Aim to contribute to profits through the use of digital technology, centered on a dedicated organization



Strengthening Business Foundations through ESG Management

(Promotion of Human Capital Management)

Promotion of human capital management that supports the activities of the PEOPLE who support manufacturing and continues to enhance corporate value

Strengthening of human resource development

Fostering a sense of autonomy and selftransformation, supporting autonomous career development

Increasing employee engagement

Sharing Company policies, deepening mutual understanding between employees and the Company, and building a system that allows employees to feel a sense of job satisfaction Expanding investment in human capital

Formulation of human resource portfolio

Promotion of initiatives to achieve a human resource portfolio aligned with management strategy

Promotion of DE&I

Fostering a culture of innovation through diversity in human resources, knowledge, and experience

Improvement of working styles and working environment

Establishment of systems based on flexible working styles and workplace environments that stimulate value creation

Strengthening Business Foundations through ESG Management

(Responding to Environmental Issues)

Address environmental issues from five perspectives

Initiatives to address environmental issues

Responding to climate change

 Scope1, 2...
 60% reduction by FY2030 (Compared to FY2013) Net zero by 2050

- Promotion of modal shift initiatives
- Addition of GHG standards to executive compensation

3 Ensuring the safety of product-related chemical substances

Promotion of autonomous management of chemical substances

4 Conservation of biodiversity

Efficient use of water resources

Preparing for TNFD disclosure

Promotion of resource recycling

- Collection and recycling of calcium fluoride (fluorite)
- Promotion of collection and reuse of glass cullet (after product use)
- Reduction of waste
- Participation in Circular Partners

5 Development and launch of environmentally friendly products

- Introduction of environmentally friendly products with low GHG emissions
- Development of GHG capture technologies, etc.
- Market launch of PFAS-free products and non-plastic coated fertilizers

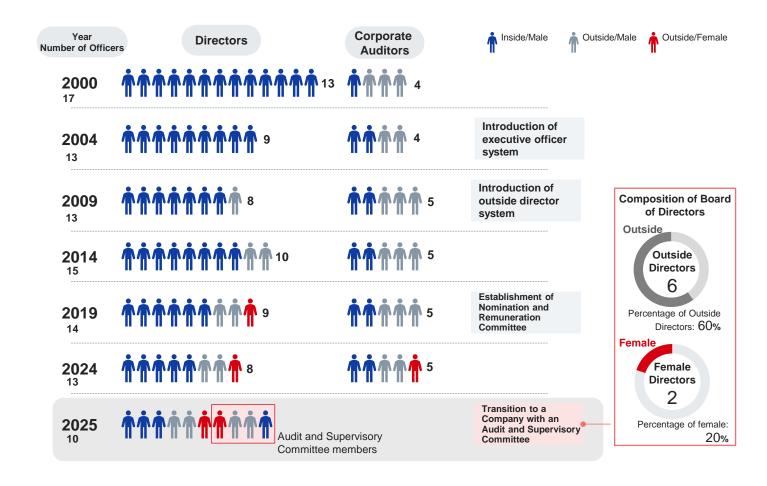
Transition to a Company with an Audit and Supervisory Committee subject to resolution by the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to be held in June 2025.

Purpose

Sustainable growth and enhancement of corporate value

- Strengthening of Supervisory functions of the Board of Directors
- 2 Flexible and efficient decision-making in management
- 3 Stimulating discussion on enhancing corporate value at meetings of the Board of Directors

Changes in number of officers

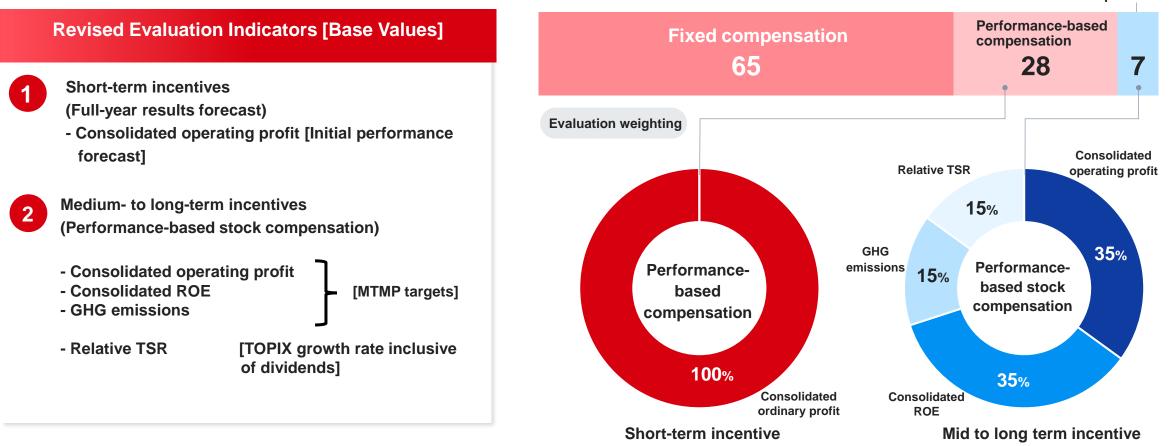


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Strengthening Corporate Governance (Executive Compensation System)

To achieve VISION 2030, Directors and others will contribute to further enhancing corporate value and raising awareness of value sharing among shareholders and other stakeholders.

Executive compensation design linked to Enhancement of Corporate Value



Performance-based stock compensation